

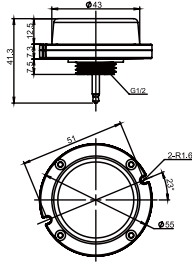
■ Bi-level Microwave Sensor For High Bay Light ANT-5-4T Instruction



ANT-5-4T



RC-100



INTRODUCTION

The ANT-5-4T is a motion sensor that dims lighting from high to low based on movement. This slim, low-profile sensor is designed for installation inside the bottom of a light fixture body.

The sensors use microwave sensing technology that reacts to changes in movement within the coverage area. Once the sensor stops detecting movement and the time delay elapses lights will go from high to low mode and eventually to an OFF position if it is desired. Sensors must directly "see" motion of a person or moving object to detect them, so careful consideration must be given to sensor luminaire placement and lens selection. Avoid placing the sensor where obstructions may block the sensor's line of sight.

SPECIFICATIONS

Power supply	12V-24V DC, >50mA
Dim control output	0-10V, max. 25mA sinking current
HF System	5.8GHz±75MHz
Transmission power	<0.2mW
Detection radius	20%/50%/75%/100%(1-8m)
Mounting height	Max 40ft.(12meters)
Time setting	10s/1min/5min/10min/15min/20min/30min/60min
Light-control	24H/10LUX/30LUX/50LUX
Temperature	-40°F ~ +158°F (-40°C ~ +70°C)
IP rating	IP65

⚠ WARNING

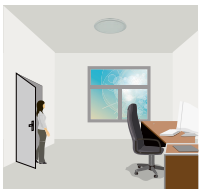
NOTE: Warm up time is 15seconds. After the sensor connects input power first time, the light will keep on 15seconds, then go to dimming to work normally.

NOTE: Factory Default Setting: 100% sensitivity, Hold on time: 5min, Daylight sensor is ☀, Dimming level: 30%, Dimming time: 60minutes.

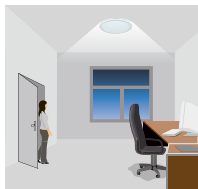
NOTE: Any setting changed by remote control, the led light that sensor connect will on/off as confirm.

CORRIDOR FUNCTION

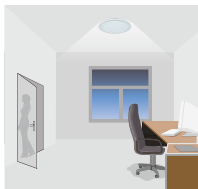
This function inside the motion sensor to achieve tri-level control, for some areas which require a light change notice before switch-off. The sensor offers 3 levels of light: 100%-->dimmed light (natural light is insufficient) -->off; and 2 periods of selectable waiting time: motion hold-time and stand-by period; Selectable daylight threshold and freedom of detection area.



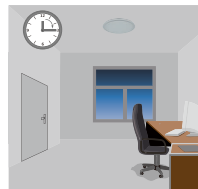
With sufficient natural light, the light does not switch on when presence is detected.



With insufficient natural light, the sensor switches on the light automatically when presence is detected.



After hold-time, the light dims to stand-by level if the surrounding natural light is below the daylight threshold.



Light switches off automatically after the stand-by period elapses.

